

During a penetration test, you may need to demonstrate how password reuse could expose major weaknesses in an enterprise's security posture. A single cracked password can enable you to easily compromise other systems that share the same password.

The Single Password Testing MetaModule recycles a known credential pair to identify additional systems that can be authenticated. You can provide the MetaModule with a known credential pair that you've uncovered through a scan, bruteforce attack, or phishing attack.

When you configure this MetaModule, you need to define the services that you want to authenticate on your target hosts. The MetaModule attempts to log in to each service and records any successful login. After the MetaModule completes its run, it generates a report that details the hosts on which it was able to authenticate the credentials.

### Product Terms

<b>Credential</b>	A user name and password combination.
<b>Lockout Risk</b>	The likelihood that a service enforces an account lockout.
<b>MetaModule</b>	A feature that extends the capabilities of modules in Metasploit Pro to perform penetration testing tasks.

### Before You Begin

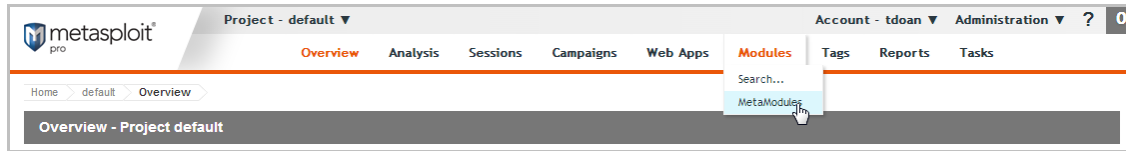
<b>Clear Your Browser's Cache</b>	After you install or update Metasploit, you must clear your browser's cache to ensure that all user interface elements load properly.
<b>Run a Discovery Scan or Import Host Data</b>	Before you can run the Single Password Testing MetaModule, you must run a Discovery Scan on the target network range or import existing host data. This populates the project with the necessary host information, such as open ports and services, that the MetaModule needs to run.

### Lock Out Risk Categories

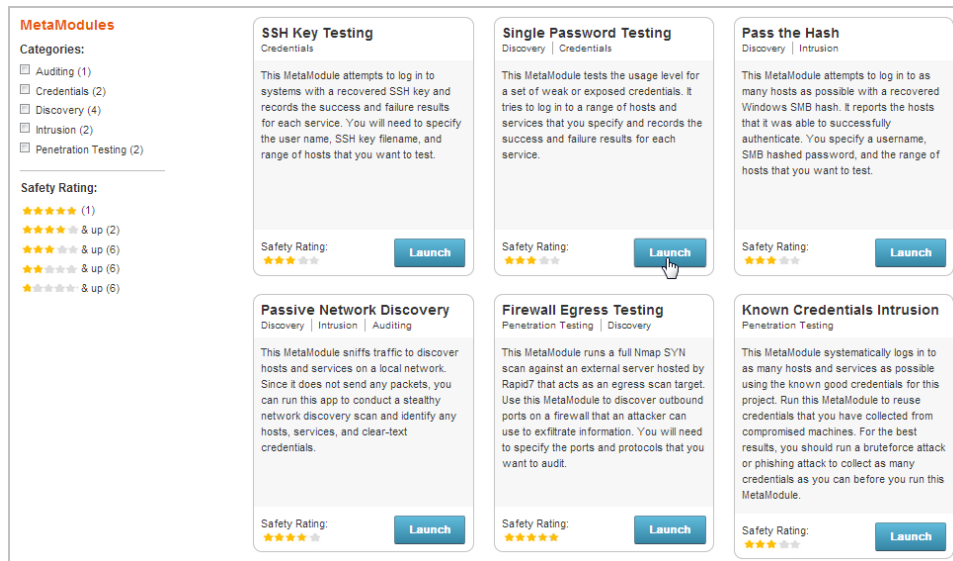
<b>Low Risk</b>	Any service that typically does not enforce account lockouts, such as AFP, DB2, EXEC, FTP, HTTP, HTTPS, LOGIN, Oracle, Postgres, SHELL, SNMP, SSH_PUBKEY, Telnet, and VNC.
<b>Medium Risk</b>	Any service that typically enforces account lockouts, such as MSSQL, MySQL, POP3, and SSH.
<b>High Risk</b>	Any service that uses Windows authentication, such as PC Anywhere, SMB, vmauthd, and WinRM.

# Single Password Testing

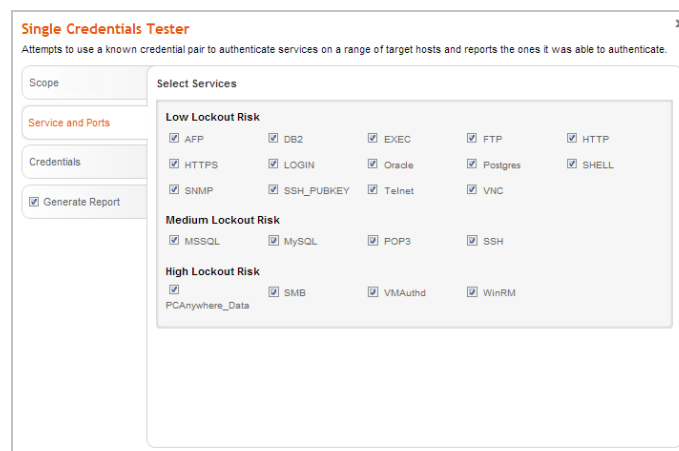
1. Log in to the Metasploit Pro web interface (<https://localhost:3790>).
2. Open the default project.
3. Select **Modules > MetaModules**.



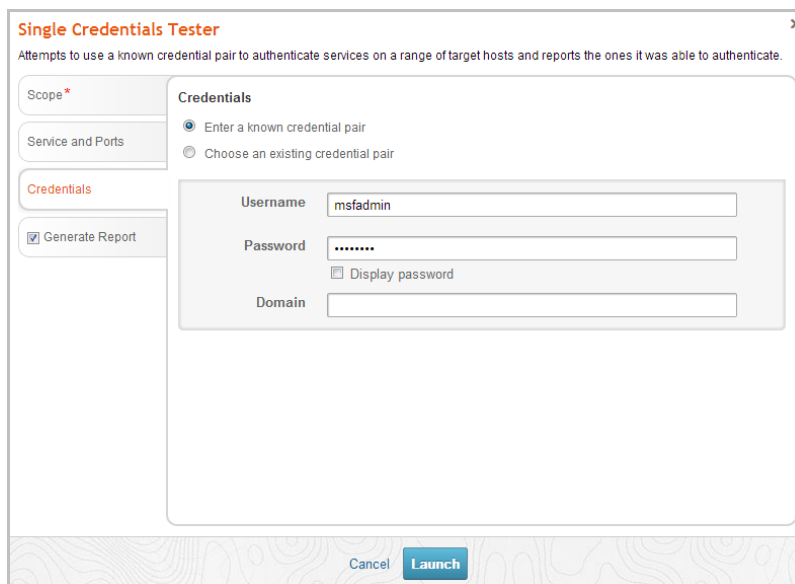
4. Find the **Single Password Testing** MetaModule and click the **Launch** button. The **Single Password Testing** window appears.



5. From the **Scope** tab, enter the target address range you want to use for the test. The target address range must match the hosts in the workspace.
6. Click on the **Services and Ports** tab.

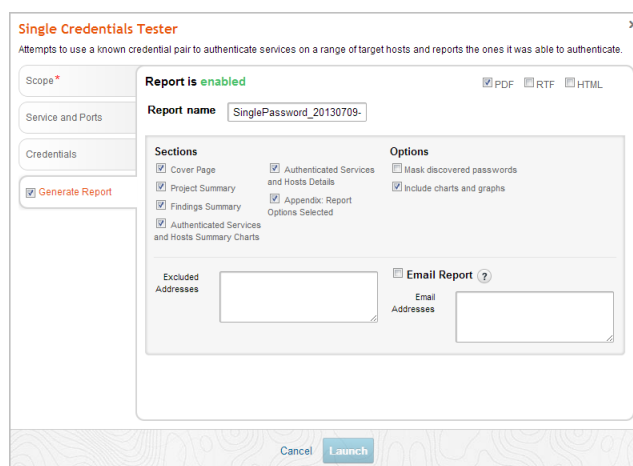


- Select the services that you want to attempt to authenticate. All services are categorized based on their lockout risk, which is the likelihood that the service locks an account after a number of failed logins.
- Click on the **Credentials** tab.



The screenshot shows the 'Single Credentials Tester' window. The 'Credentials' tab is selected. The 'Enter a known credential pair' radio button is chosen. The 'Username' field contains 'msfadmin', the 'Password' field is masked with dots, and the 'Domain' field is empty. The 'Generate Report' checkbox is checked. At the bottom, there are 'Cancel' and 'Launch' buttons.

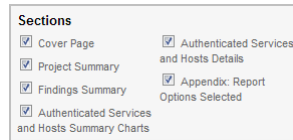
- You can choose one of the following options to supply the MetaModule with credentials:
  - Enter a known credential pair** - You need to manually enter the user name and password combination that you want the MetaModule to use. Use this method for credentials obtained from phishing attacks.
  - Choose an existing credential pair** - You can select the user name and password combination from a list of known credentials. These credentials were obtained from a bruteforce attack, discovery scan, or data import.
- Click the **Generate Report** tab.



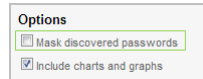
The screenshot shows the 'Single Credentials Tester' window with the 'Generate Report' tab selected. The 'Report is enabled' status is shown. The 'Report name' field contains 'SinglePassword\_20130709-'. The 'PDF' format is selected. The 'Sections' section has several checkboxes checked, including 'Cover Page', 'Project Summary', 'Findings Summary', 'Authenticated Services and Hosts Summary Charts', 'Authenticated Services and Hosts Details', 'Appendix: Report Options Selected', and 'Include charts and graphs'. The 'Options' section has 'Mask discovered passwords' unchecked and 'Email Report' checked. The 'Email Report' field is empty. At the bottom, there are 'Cancel' and 'Launch' buttons.

- Enter a name for the report in the **Report Name** field, if you want to use a custom report name. Otherwise, the MetaModule uses the default report name.
- Select PDF, Word, RTF, or HTML for the report format. PDF is the preferred format.

13. From the **Sections** area, deselect any sections you do not want to include in the report. Skip this step if you want to generate all the report sections.



14. From the **Options** area, select the **Mask discovered passwords** option if you want to obscure any passwords that the report contains.



15. Select the **Email Report** option if you want to e-mail the report after it generates. If you enable this option, you need to supply a comma separated list of e-mail addresses.

Note: If you want to e-mail a report, you must set up a local mail server or e-mail relay service for Metasploit Pro to use. To define your mail server settings, select **Administration > Global Settings > SMTP Settings**.

16. Click the **Launch** button.

When the MetaModule launches, the Findings window appears and displays the real-time statistics and tasks log for the MetaModule run. You can track the total number of hosts that the MetaModule attempted to authenticate, the total number of login attempts, and the total number of successful logins. If you want to view all the event details, you can click on the Task Log tab.

Host name	Host address	Protocol	Port	User	Pass	Created at
metasploitable	10.6.201.168	top	2121	mfadmin	mfadmin	2013-07-09T19:00:03Z
metasploitable	10.6.201.169	top	2121	mfadmin	mfadmin	2013-07-09T19:00:03Z
metasploitable	10.6.201.172	top	21	mfadmin	mfadmin	2013-07-09T19:00:03Z
metasploitable	10.6.201.148	top	21	mfadmin	mfadmin	2013-07-09T19:00:03Z
metasploitable	10.6.201.168	top	21	mfadmin	mfadmin	2013-07-09T19:00:03Z
metasploitable	10.6.201.169	top	21	mfadmin	mfadmin	2013-07-09T19:00:03Z

After the MetaModule completes its run, you should go the Reports area to view the Single Password Testing Report. The first few pages of the report show graphs and tables that provide a high-level breakdown of authenticated services and hosts. For a more detailed look at the compromised hosts, you can look at the Authenticated Services and Hosts Details section, which shows the services that were authenticated and the sessions that were opened on each host.

Port	Protocol	Service	Port	Protocol	Service
445	TCP	smb	5985	TCP	winrm